HOUSE BILL No. 1787

DIGEST OF INTRODUCED BILL

Citations Affected: IC 9-30-5-15; IC 35-50-5-4; IC 36-2-13.

Synopsis: Operating a vehicle while intoxicated. Requires a court to imprison a person for at least 60 days if: (1) the person committed a Class A misdemeanor or a felony under the drunken driving laws; and (2) the person's driving privileges were already suspended under the drunken driving laws at the time the person committed the offense. Requires prisoners to reimburse counties for costs of incarceration and counties to establish a nonreverting prisoner reimbursement fund. Repeals conflicting provisions concerning prisoner reimbursement.

Effective: July 1, 2003.

Neese, Thompson, Whetstone, Heim

January 21, 2003, read first time and referred to Committee on Judiciary.





First Regular Session 113th General Assembly (2003)

PRINTING CODE. Amendments: Whenever an existing statute (or a section of the Indiana Constitution) is being amended, the text of the existing provision will appear in this style type, additions will appear in this style type, and deletions will appear in this style type.

Additions: Whenever a new statutory provision is being enacted (or a new constitutional provision adopted), the text of the new provision will appear in **this style type**. Also, the word **NEW** will appear in that style type in the introductory clause of each SECTION that adds a new provision to the Indiana Code or the Indiana Constitution.

Conflict reconciliation: Text in a statute in *this style type* or *this style type* reconciles conflicts between statutes enacted by the 2002 Regular or Special Session of the General Assembly.

HOUSE BILL No. 1787

A BILL FOR AN ACT to amend the Indiana Code concerning criminal law and procedure.

Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of Indiana:

SECTION 1. IC 9-30-5-15, AS AMENDED BY P.L.32-2000
SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 15. (a) In addition to any criminal penalty
imposed for an offense under this chapter, the court shall:

(1) order:

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- (A) that the person be imprisoned for at least five (5) days; or
- (B) the person to perform at least thirty (30) days of community restitution or service; and
- (2) order the person to receive an assessment of the person's degree of alcohol and drug abuse and, if appropriate, to successfully complete an alcohol or drug abuse treatment program, including an alcohol deterrent program if the person suffers from alcohol abuse;
- if the person has one (1) previous conviction of operating while intoxicated.
- (b) In addition to any criminal penalty imposed for an offense under this chapter, the court shall:



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1	(1) order:			
2	(A) that the person be imprisoned for at least ten (10) days; or			
3	(B) the person to perform at least sixty (60) days of community			
4	restitution or service; and			
5	(2) order the person to receive an assessment of the person's			
6	degree of alcohol and drug abuse and, if appropriate, to			
7	successfully complete an alcohol or drug abuse treatment			
8	program, including an alcohol deterrent program if the person			
9	suffers from alcohol abuse;			
10	if the person has at least two (2) previous convictions of operating			
11	while intoxicated.			
12	(c) In addition to any criminal penalty imposed for a Class A			
13	misdemeanor or a felony under this chapter, the court shall order			
14	that the person be imprisoned for at least sixty (60) days if the			
15	person's driving privileges were suspended under this chapter at			
16	the time the person committed the offense.			
17	(d) Notwithstanding IC 35-50-2-2 and IC 35-50-3-1, a sentence			
18	imposed under this section may not be suspended. The court may			
19	require that the person serve the term of imprisonment in an			
20	appropriate facility at whatever time or intervals (consecutive or			
21	intermittent) determined appropriate by the court. However:			
22	(1) at least forty-eight (48) hours of the sentence must be served			
23	consecutively; and			
24	(2) the entire sentence must be served within six (6) months after			
25	the date of sentencing.			
26	(d) (e) Notwithstanding IC 35-50-6, a person does not earn credit			
27	time while serving a sentence imposed under this section.			
28	SECTION 2. IC 35-50-5-4, AS AMENDED BY P.L.2-2002,			
29	SECTION 106, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS			
30	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) This section applies only			
31	(1) if the county in which a criminal proceeding was filed adopts			
32	an ordinance under IC 36-2-13-15; and			
33	(2) to a person who is sentenced under this article for a felony or			
34	a misdemeanor.			
35	(b) At the time the court imposes a sentence, the court may order the			
36	person to execute a reimbursement plan as directed by the court and			
37	make repayments under the plan to the county for the costs described			
38	in IC 36-2-13-15.			
39	(c) The court shall fix an amount under this section that:			
40	(1) may not exceed an amount the person can or will be able to			
41	pay; (2) does not harm the person's ability to reasonably be			
42	(7) does not narm the person's ability to reasonably be			



1	self-supporting or to reasonably support any dependent of the			
2	person; and			
3	(3) takes into consideration and gives priority to any other			
4	restitution, reparation, repayment, costs, fine, or child support			
5	obligations the person is required to pay.			
6	(d) When an order is issued under this section, the issuing court			
7	shall send a certified copy of the order to the clerk of the circuit court			
8	in the county where the felony or misdemeanor charge was filed. Upon			
9	receiving the order, the clerk shall enter and index the order in the			
10	circuit court judgment docket in the manner prescribed by			
11	IC 33-17-2-3.			
12	(e) An order under this section is not discharged:			
13	(1) by the completion of a sentence imposed for a felony or			
14	misdemeanor; or			
15	(2) by the liquidation of a person's estate by a receiver under			
16	IC 32-30-5 (or IC 34-48-1, IC 34-48-4, IC 34-48-5, and			
17	IC 34-48-6 before their repeal).			
18	SECTION 3. IC 36-2-13-1, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2002,			
19	SECTION 156, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS			
20	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. Except for sections 15.3 and 16.3			
21	of this chapter, This chapter applies to all counties.			
22	SECTION 4. IC 36-2-13-15 IS AMENDED TO READ AS			
23	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 15. (a) As used in this			
24	section, "lawful detention" has the meaning set forth in IC 35-41-1-18.			
25	(b) This section applies to a county only if the legislative body for			
26	the county elects by ordinance to implement this section.			
27	(c) (b) A person who is:			
28	(1) sentenced under this article for a felony or a misdemeanor;			
29	(2) subject to lawful detention in a county jail for a period of more			
30	than seventy-two (72) hours;			
31	(3) not a member of a family that makes less than 150% of the			
32	federal income poverty level; and			
33	(4) not detained as a child subject to the jurisdiction of a juvenile			
34	court;			
35	shall reimburse the county for the costs described in subsection (d). (c).			
36	(d) (c) A person described in subsection (e) (b) shall reimburse the			
37	county for the sum of the following amounts:			
38	(1) The lesser of:			
39	(A) the per diem amount specified under subsection (e); (d);			
40	or			
41	(B) thirty dollars (\$30);			
42	multiplied by each day or part of a day that the person is lawfully			



detained in a county jail or lawfully detained under IC 35-33-11-3	
for more than six (6) hours.	
(2) The direct cost of investigating whether the person is indigent.	
(3) The cost of collecting the amount for which the person is	
liable under this section.	
(e) (d) The county fiscal body shall fix the per diem described in	
subsection $\frac{(d)(1)(A)}{(c)(1)(A)}$ in an amount that is reasonably related	
to the average daily cost of housing a person in the county jail. If the	
county transfers the person to another county or the department of	
correction under IC 35-33-11-3, the per diem is equal to the per diem	
charged to the county under IC 35-33-11-5.	
(f) (e) The county sheriff shall collect the amounts due from a	
person under this section. in conformity with the procedures specified	
in the ordinance adopted under subsection (b). If the county sheriff	
does not collect the amount due to the county, the county attorney may	
collect the amount due.	
SECTION 5. IC 36-2-13-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 16. (a) If the county	
legislative body adopts an ordinance electing To implement section 15	
of this chapter, the county legislative body shall establish a	
nonreverting county prisoner reimbursement fund.	
(b) All amounts collected under section 15 of this chapter must be	
deposited in the county prisoner reimbursement fund.	
(c) Any amount earned from the investment of amounts in the fund	
becomes part of the fund.	
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(1) a county jail; or	
(2) a juvenile detention center to be operated under IC 31-31-8 or	
IC 31-31-9.	
SECTION 6. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
JULY 1, 2003]: IC 36-2-13-15.3; IC 36-2-13-16.3.	
	for more than six (6) hours. (2) The direct cost of investigating whether the person is indigent. (3) The cost of collecting the amount for which the person is liable under this section. (e) (d) The county fiscal body shall fix the per diem described in subsection (d)(1)(A) (c)(1)(A) in an amount that is reasonably related to the average daily cost of housing a person in the county jail. If the county transfers the person to another county or the department of correction under IC 35-33-11-3, the per diem is equal to the per diem charged to the county under IC 35-33-11-5. (f) (e) The county sheriff shall collect the amounts due from a person under this section. in conformity with the procedures specified in the ordinance adopted under subsection (b). If the county sheriff does not collect the amount due to the county, the county attorney may collect the amount due. SECTION 5. IC 36-2-13-16 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 16. (a) If the county legislative body adopts an ordinance electing To implement section 15 of this chapter, the county legislative body shall establish a nonreverting county prisoner reimbursement fund. (b) All amounts collected under section 15 of this chapter must be deposited in the county prisoner reimbursement fund. (c) Any amount earned from the investment of amounts in the fund becomes part of the fund. (d) Notwithstanding any other law, upon appropriation by the county fiscal body, amounts in the fund may be used by the county only for the operation, construction, repair, remodeling, enlarging, and equipment of: (1) a county jail; or (2) a juvenile detention center to be operated under IC 31-31-8 or IC 31-31-9. SECTION 6. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE

